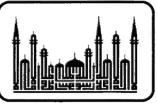


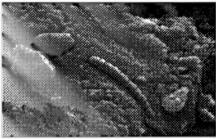
بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيمِ Perspectives



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Editorial

Last August, a research team of scientists from NASA and Stanford University announced that they have evidence which strongly suggests primitive life may have existed on Mars more than 3.6 billion years ago. This was based on finding complex molecules-crystals that look like those produced by bacteria here on earth, and tiny tubes that look like terrestrial fossil bacteria, in a 4.3 pound meteorite from the planet Mars (see figure below).



The meteorite's journey began four billion years earlier, when it was part of the crust of Mars. It landed in Antarctica about 13,000 years ago and was found by a recovery team in 1984.

The Mars find excited religious thinkers and sparked new debates about the reach of sacred laws. The search for answer to whether there is life in outer space, and in what form, continues. As Muslims, we can find some answers in the Our'an.

Life is not confined to humans, animals and plants on Earth. Other forms of life do exist in the vast and spacious universe. Reference to living creatures scattered throughout the universe is given in the Qur'an.

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Multimedia Program for Teaching Salah

A multimedia program providing detailed information on salah has been released. The program is entitled "SalatBase on CD-ROM" and works on both the PC and the MAC. The program combines text, graphics, audio and video. It provides detailed information on Wudu (Ablution), Adhan (call for prayers), the five daily prayers, Janazah (funeral) prayer, Qasr (shortened) and Eid prayers. It teaches the do's and don'ts of the prayers and has a complete glossary of terms. The program is available from Sound Vision, 843 W. Van Buren, Suite 411, Chicago, IL 60607, Tel 1-800-432-4262, Fax (312) 226-7537.



Reflections

Dr. Ahmed K. Noor

Stories of the Qur'an قصص القرآن



Allah (SWT) related to us a number of stories in the holy Qur'an. Some of the stories pertain to previous prophets and messengers, and what they had to go through. Other stories tell us about important incidents and experiences of people, as well as of other creations of Allah. An examination of the stories of the Qur'an reveals that they differ from those of history books in a number of ways. Specifically, the following major differences can be noted:

 The information presented in each story is coming from Allah, and therefore, has unquestionable authenticity.

"We relate to you their story in truth." (Qur'an 18:13)

"This is the true account."

(Qur'an 3:62)

- Each story has a wisdom and a reason (or reasons) behind relating it.
- Only enough details are given to satisfy the reason(s) behind relating it. Several details are left out. For example, the exact number of the companions of the cave, the name of the mysterious teacher of Prophet Moussa (PBUH), and the identity of Pharaoh and of Zul-Qarnain (the two-horned powerful ruler) are not given These details are unimportant insofar as the reasons behind relating their stories.

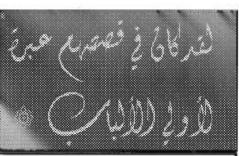
In this article an attempt is made to examine four of the major reasons behind relating the stories of the Qur'an, namely (see the figure on page 3).

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ غَنُ نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ أَحْسَنَ الْقَصَصِ مِمَّ أَوْحَيْنَاۤ إِلَيْكَ هَذَا الْقُرْءَانَ وَإِن كُنتَ مِن قَبْلِهِ لِمَنَ الْغَافِلِينَ . (سورة يوسف - آية ٣)

"We do relate to you the most beautiful of stories, in that We reveal to you this (portion of the) Qur'an: Before this you too were among those who know it not." (Qur'an 12:3)

- * Providing accurate information about previous events.
- * Strengthening the hearts of the Prophet (PBUH) and the believers.
- Proving that the Prophet (PBUH) is continuing the same message of his predecessors.
- * Providing object lessons to the *Ummah* of the Prophet (PBUH).

Each of the four reasons are discussed subsequently.



"There is, in their stories, instruction for people endued with understanding" (Qur'an 12:111)

Providing Accurate Information

Allah (SWT) informed us in *Surat Al-Baqara* (Qur'an 2) about the creation of the universe and the creation of Adam. In several verses, the Qur'an emphasizes the truthfulness and accuracy of the stories presented.

"The command rests with none but Allah: He declares the truth, and He is the best of judges." (Qur'an 6:57)

"There comes to you the truth." (Qur'an 11:120)

Strengthening the Hearts of the Prophet and the Believers

The stories of the previous prophets and messengers in the Qur'an demonstrate the fact that, despite the difficulties and hardships that these prophets and messengers went through, at the end they were granted victory by Allah (SWT) over their opponents.

"We will, without doubt, grant victory to our messengers and those who believe, (both) in this world's life and on the day when the witnesses will stand forth." (Qur'an 40:51)

By informing the Prophet (PBUH) about the strong opposition that his predecessors went through, he is comforted with the realization that his diffculties are not more that those of theirs, and his heart is strengthened with the belief that Allah (SWT) will support him as He supported his predecessors. The heart is the seat of faith, piety, knowledge, memory, reason, perception, understanding, and comprehension.

" And that we relate to you of the stories of the messengers, - with it we make firm your heart."

(Qur'an 11:120)

Proving that the Prophet is Continuing the Same Message of His Predecessors

Allah's religion is the same in essence, whether given, for example to

Jesus."

Noah, Ibrahim, Moussa, Issa, or to Prophet Mohammad (PBUH). The source of unity is the revelation from Allah.

شَرَعَ لَكُم مِّنَ الدِّينِ مَاوَصَّى بِهِ نُوحًا وَالَّذِى أُوحَانَا بِهِ وَالَّذِى أُوحَيْنَا بِهِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَمُوسَى وَعِيسَى (سورة الشورى - من آية ١٣)

"The same religion has He established for you as that which He enjoined to Noah, the which We have sent by inspiration to you - And that which We enjoined on Abraham, Moses and

The Prophet (PBUH) was instructed to declare that he was not bringing a new fangled doctrine, but the eternal truths which have been known to good people through the ages.

(Qur'an 42:13)

"Say: I am not an innovation among the messengers." (Qur'an 46:9)

Providing Object Lessons to the Ummah of the Prophet (PBUH)

The stories of the Qur'an provide valuable lessons to guide our conduct (Qur'an 12:111)

Each of the stories of the Qur'an has one or more implications. For example, the story of Prophet *Moussa* (PBUH) has important political implications

وَنُرِيدُ أَن ثَمَّنَّ عَلَى الْذِينَ اسْتُضْعِفُوا فِي الأَرْضِ وَخَعَلَهُمْ أَثِّلَةٌ وَ خَعَلَهُمُ الْوَارِثِينَ. وَثُمُكُنَ لَهُمْ فِي الأَرْضِ وَنُرِيَ فِرْعَوْنَ وَهَامَانَ وَجُنُودَهُمَا مِنْهُم مَّا كَانُها يَخَذَرُونَ .

(سورة القصص - آيات ٥ ، ٦)

"And We wished to be gracious to those who were being depressed in the land, to make them leaders and make them heirs. To establish a firm place for them in the land, and to show Pharaoh, Haman and their hosts, what they were dreading from them."

(Qur'an 28:5,6)

Allah has established for the Israelites, who were enslaved by Pharaoh, a firm place in the land. He changed their condition from that of being depressed in the land to that of leadership.

The story of Prophet Yussuf (PBUH) has economic implications. With the help of Allah (SWT), he was able to make a full fifteen year economic plan which was successful.

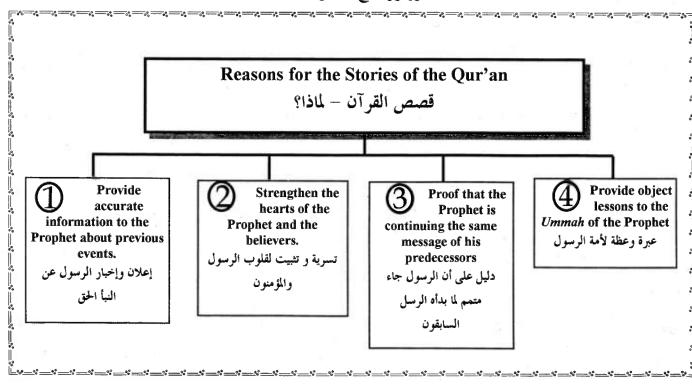
قَالَ تَزْرَعُونَ سَبْعَ سِنِينَ دَأْبًا فَمَا

حَصَدتُمْ فَذَرُوهُ فِى سُنبُلِهِ إِلاَّ قَلِيلاً مِمَّا تَأْكُلُونَ . ثُمُّ يَأْتِى مِن بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ سَبْعٌ شَدَادٌ يَأْكُلُنَ مَا قَدَّمْتُمْ لَهُنَّ إِلاَّ قَلِيلاً مِمَّا يَأْتِى مِن بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ مِمَّا يَأْتِى مِن بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ مِمَّا يَأْتِى مِن بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ مَا قَدْمُونَ وَفِيهِ يَعْصِرُونَ عَامٌ فَيهِ يُغْصِرُونَ عَامٌ فَيهِ يُغْاثُ النَّاسُ وَفِيهِ يَعْصِرُونَ عَامٌ فَيهِ يُغْاثُ النَّاسُ وَفِيهِ يَعْصِرُونَ (سورة يوسف- آيات ٤٩،٤٨،٤٧)

(Yussuf) said: "For seven years shall you diligently sow as your wont: and the harvests that you reap, you shall leave them in the ear, except a little, of which you shall eat. Then will come after that (period) seven dreadful (years) which will devour what you shall have laid by in advance for them - (All) except a little which you shall have (especially) guarded. Then will come after that (period) a year in which the people have abundant water, and in which they will press (wine and oil)." (Our'an 12:47,48,49)

The story of the companions of the cave (Qur'an 18:9-22,25) has important spiritual implications. It shows the effect of having the spiritual light from Allah on the attitude and behavior of the individual.

إِنَّهُمْ فِثْيَةٌ ءَامَنُوا بِرَبِّمِ وَزِدْنَاهُمْ هُدًى (سورة الكهف - من آية ١٣)



"They were youths who believed in their Lord, and We increased them in guidance." (Qur'an 18:13)

وَرَبَطْنَا عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ إِذْ قَامُوا فَقَالُوا رَبُّنَا رَبُ السَّهَاوَاتِ وَالأَرْضِ لَن نَّدْعُوا مِن دُونِهِ إِلْهَا لَّقَدْ قُلْنَا إِذًا شَطَطًا .

We gave strength to their hearts; Behold, they stood up and said: "Our Lord is the Lord of the heavens and of the earth: never shall we call upon any god other than Him: if we did, we should indeed have uttered an enormity!". (Qur'an 18:14)

Two of the stories which show, in a very graphical way, the effect of ingratitude to Allah (SWT), are those of Qarun and the People of the Garden. The story of *Qarun* is given in Qur'an 28:76-82. Allah (SWT) granted Qarun abundant wealth. The very keys of his hundreds of treasure chests would have been a burden to a body of young men!

"Such were the treasures We had bestowed on him, that their very keys would have been a burden to a body of strong men." (Qur'an 28:76) Qarun was arrogant. Instead of showing his gratitude to Allah (SWT), by spending this wealth in ways that please Allah (SWT), he nullified the power of Allah. He claimed that he has been

given this wealth because of a certain knowledge which he possessed.

قَالَ إِنَّمَا أُوتِيتُهُ عَلَى عِلْمَ عِندِي (سورة القصص - من أية ٧٨)

"He said; This has been given to me because of a certain knowledge which (Qur'an 28:78) I have." Allah (SWT) taught him, and all people like him, a lesson. Allah caused the earth to swallow up Qarun and his house.



فَخَسَفْنَا بِهِ وَبِدَارِهِ الأَرْضَ فَمَا كَانَ لَهُ مِن فِئَةٍ يَنصُرُونَهُ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ وَمَاكَانَ مِنَ الْمُنتَصِرِين. (سورة القصص - آية ٨١)

"Then We caused the earth to swallow up him and his house; and he had not (the least little) party to help him against Allah, nor could he defend himself." (Qur'an 28:81)

The lesson of Qarun is a very important one for all of us today. Many of us forget the fact that Allah who created us, is the one that created the bounties and favors we are enjoying.



"And you have no good thing but is from Allah" (Qur'an16:53)

Moreover, it is Allah who gives us the power and knowledge to enjoy these bounties and favors.

The story of the people of the Garden is given in Qur'an 68:17-33. Allah (SWT) has given a pious man a beautiful garden with lots of fruits. At the time of collecting the fruits, the poor and the needy showed up, and the pious man gave them their share. The pious man died, and his sons inherited the garden. They did not like the idea of sharing the fruits with the poor and the needy. So, they made their plan: they will go very early in the morning to the garden and collect all the fruits before the poor and the needy show up. They thought that with this plan everything was under their control, and they slept. Allah (SWT) had his plan! While they were asleep. Allah sent a very strong wind that destroyed all the fruits and the trees of the garden. The whole place was changed out of recognition! The new owners of the garden got up early in the morning, as planned, and went to the garden. At first they thought that they have lost their way.

"But when they saw (the garden), they said: we have surely lost our way." (Our'an 68:26)

"Then, they realized what happened, and turned one against the other in reproach." (Qur'an 68:30)

At last, they realized the result of their greed, selfishness, and heedlessness.

قَالُوا يَاوَيْلُنَآ إِنَّا كُنَّا طَاغِينَ . عَسَى رَبُّنَا أَن يُبِدِ لَنَا خَيْرًا مِنْهَا إِنَّا إِلَى رَبِّنَا رَاغِبُونَ

"They said: Alas for us! we have indeed transgressed. It may be that our Lord will give us in exchange a better (garden) than this : for we do turn to Him (in repentance)." 68:31,32)

The stories of *Oarun* and the people of the garden teach us the results of forgetting the fact that whatever good thing we have is coming from Allah (SWT).

If we show our gratitude to Allah (SWT), He increases and blesses the bounties He has given us. On the other hand, if we are ungrateful, Allah (SWT) is able to take back the bounties. His punishment is severe.

"And remember! your Lord caused it to be declared: If you are grateful, I will add more (favors) unto you. But if you show ingratitude, truly My punishment is terrible indeed."

(Qur'an 14:7)

I pray to Almighty Allah to give us the guidance and the strength to learn the lessons given to us in the stories of the Qur'an, and to show our gratitude to Him for the countless bounties which we are enjoying as Muslims. Ameen.

Guidance to the Straight Path

الهداية إلى الصراط المستقيم

Allah (SWT) has showered us with His bounties and His favors, both on an individual level, and on a community level. If we were to count all the favors that we have received from Allah, we will never be able to number them.

"But if you count the favors of Allah, never will you be able to number them." (Qur'an 14:34)

But, of all the favors of Allah (SWT), guidance to the straight path stands out as the most significant blessing that we have received. It gives meaning to our life, a direction to our work and activities. The straight path referred to in Qur'an 6:161 is the path of Allah. It is the path which leads us to what is right in every aspect of life, keeps us absolutely free from errors and evil consequences, and brings us success in the end.

The focus of this article is *hidaya* or *huda*, which means guidance to the path

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ قُلْ إِنَّنِى هَدَانِى رَكِّى إِلَى صِرَاطِ مُشتَقِيمٍ دِينًا قِيَمًا مُلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ . (سورة الأنعام - آية ١٦١)

Say: "Verily, my Lord Has guided me to a way that is straight, - A religion of right,- The path (trod) by Abraham the true in faith, and he (certainly) joined not gods with Allah." (Qur'an 6:161)

of Allah. The word *huda* and its derivatives have been repeated in the Qur'an 308 times. They are referred to in multitudes of sayings of the Prophet (PBUH).

Two Kinds of Guidance

A careful examination of the Qur'anic usage of the word *hidaya* reveals two different kinds of guidance, namely, directional guidance

, i.e. to point out مداية الدلالة أو الإرشاد , i.e. to point out

مداية المونة أو التوفيق , i.e. to give the necessary assistance to reach and to remain on that way (see the figure at the bottom of this page).

The directional guidance has been given by Allah (SWT) to all human beings through:

 Divine revelations, which direct them to the straight path, to worshipping Allah and obeying His commands, and help them in discerning the right from the wrong. The Qur'an is the final and complete book of these revelations.

"Verily this Qur'an does guide to that which is most right (or stable)."

(Qur'an 17:9)

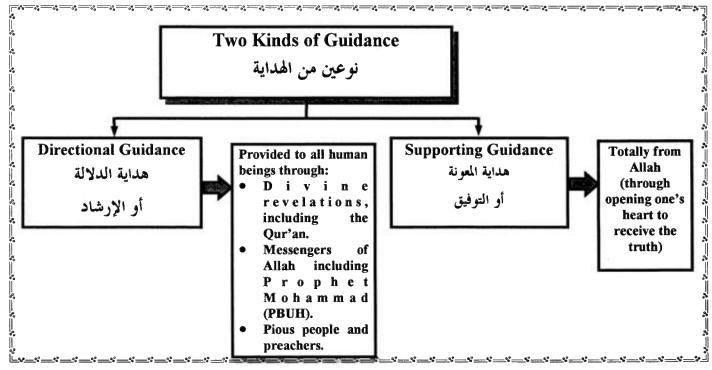
وَنَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ تِنْبِانًا لِّكُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهْدُى وَرَحْمَةً

"We have sent down to you the book explaining all things, a guide, a mercy." (Qur'an 16:89)

Messengers and Prophets whom

Allah (SWT) sent to teach people His divine revelations. Prophet Mohammad (PBUH) was told in the Qur'an that he provides directional guidance to the path of Allah.





"And verily you do guide (people) to the straight path." (Qur'an 42:52)
Pious people and preachers who invite to the way of Allah.

" And We appointed, from among them leaders, giving guidance under our command." (Qur'an 32:24)

The supporting guidance is a special blessing from Allah (SWT). Not even the Prophet (PBUH) had the power to give this kind of guidance.

"It is true you will not be able to guide every one whom you like, but Allah Guides those whom He will."

(Qur'an 28:56)

This fact is very important for us to know and appreciate.

The ones who receive, and the ones deprived of, Allah's Guidance

Allah (SWT) tells us in the Qur'an the characteristics of those who qualify for receiving His supporting guidance and those who are deprived of it.

To receive the supporting guidance of Allah, we have to have a sincere belief in Allah, and take the first steps to have guidance. Spiritual advancement is progressive: each step makes the next one easier and more complete.

"For verily Allah is the Guide of those who believe to the straight path."

(Qur'an 22:54)

وَالذَّينَ اهْتَدَوْا زَادَهُمْ هُدًى

"But those who receive guidance, He increases their guidance."

(Qur'an 47:17)

"And Allah does increase in guidance those who seek guidance."

(Qur'an 19:76)

يقول الله تعالى:

أنا عند ظن عبدى لى وأنا معه إذا ذكرنى فإن ذكرنى فى نفسه ذكرته فى نفسى وإن ذكرنى فى ملإ ذكرته فى ملإ خير منهم وإن تقرب إلى بشبر تقربت إلى دراعا وإن تقرب إلى ذراعا تقربت إليه باعا وإن أتانى يمشى أتيته هرولة . (حديث قدسى)

In a hadith Qudsi Allah (SWT) says: "I am as my servant thinks of Me, and I am with him/her when he/she remembers Me. If he/she remembers Me in privacy, I remember him/her in a better group. If he/she draws near Me a hand span, I draw near him/her an arm span. If he/she draws near Me an arm span, I draw near him/her more than that. If he/she walks towards Me, I rush toward him/her.

The ones who are deprived of the supporting guidance of Allah are the unbelievers, the unjust, the rebellious against Allah and His Commands, the false and ungrateful, the liar and transgressor.

"And Allah Guides not those who reject faith." (Qur'an 2:264)

"And Allah Guides not those who are unjust." (Qur'an 9:19)

"And Allah Guides not the rebellious." (Qur'an 9:24)

"And Allah Guides not such are false and ungrateful." (Qur'an 39:3)

"Truly Allah Guides not one who trasgresses and lies." (Qur'an 40:28)

It is important to note that those who do not receive the supporting guidance of Allah do receive the directional guidance. They are told what to fear and avoid.

"And Allah will not mislead a people after He has guided them, in order that He make clear to them what to fear (and avoid)." (Qur'an 9:115)

Some people prefer blindness over guidance, as in the case of *Thamud*.

"As to Thamud We gave them guidance, but they preferred blindness to Guidance." (Qur'an 41:17) If one does not believe in Allah, or neglects the remembrance of Allah, Satan and his associates become his /her companions.

"We made the Satans friend (only) those without faith." (Qur'an 7:27)

"If anyone withdraws himself/herself

from remembrance of the Most Gracious, We appoint for him a satan, to be an intimate companion to him/her."

(Qur'an 43:36)

Such a person will be in total loss in the present world and the one to come.

"Whoever, forsaking Allah, takes satan for a friend, has of a surely suffered a loss that is manifest."

(Qur'an 4:119)

Our sucess in the present world and the hereafter requires guidance to the straight path, as well as following that path and remaining on it. Small deviations from the straight path can lead to bigger and more serious deviations. This is why Allah, in His mercy, commanded us to recite the supplication "Guide us to the straight Path"

إهلنا المراط المسقم at least seventeen times everyday in our prayers. Let us make this supplication from the bottom of our hearts and mean it!

Continued from page 1 **Editorial**

وَمِنْ ءَايَاتِهِ خَلْقُ السَّهَاوَاتِ وَالأَرْضِ وَمَابَثَّ فِيهِمَا مِن دَآبَّةٍ وَهُـوَ عَـلَى جَمْعُهمْ إِذَا يَشَآءُ قَدِيرٌ.

"And among His signs is the creation of heavens and the earth and the creatures that He has scattered through them (both): and He has power to gather them together when He wills." (Qur'an 42:29)

Interpreters of this verse had construed that "through them both" referred to them as an integral entity, for they had no knowledge of living beings in any place besides our earth. They over looked the fact that there are six other earths, and on some of which there may be life and living creatures.

اللهُ اللهِ عَلَقَ سَبْعَ سَهْ وَاللهِ وَمِنَ اللهُ اللهِ عَلَهُنَّ اللَّارْضِ مِثْلَهُنَّ

(سورة الطلاق - من آية ١٢)

"Allah is He who created seven firmaments and of the earth a similar number." (Qur'an 65:12)

Note that Allah (SWT) has detailed in the following verse what was mentioned briefly in the Qur'an 42:29

وَلِلَّهِ يَشجُدُ مَا فِي السَّمَّاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي اللَّمَّاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الأَرْضِ مِن دَآبَةٍ وَ الْمَلَائِكَةُ وَهُمْ لاَ يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ .

(سورة النحل - آية ٤٩)

"And to Allah does prostrate all that is in the heavens and on earth, whether moving creatures or the angels: for non are arrogant (before their Lord)." (Our'an 16:49)

LIFE ON MARKET

There are indications in the Qur'an that the Jannah (Garden) which Allah (SWT) sent Adam and his wife to, was neither a place on earth, nor was it the eternal Jannah of the hereafter. Rather, it was a place of trial for Adam and his wife before they were sent to the earth the place where they were appointed as vicegerent (see Perspectives vol.2, No.3, page 2). Could that Jannah has been on Mars? Allah (SWT) knows.

Whatever science will disclose in future concerning life on other planets, will only be realizing a scientific miracle of the Qur'an, and a proof that it is coming from Allah (SWT).

سَنُرِيهِمْ ءَايَاتِنَا فِي الأَفَاقِ وَفِي أَنفُسِمِمْ حَتَّى يَتَبَيَّنَ لَهُمْ أَنَّهُ الْحَقُّ (سورة فصلت - من آية ٥٣)

"Soon will We show them Our signs in the (furthest) regions, and in their own souls, until it becomes manifest to them that this is the truth."

(Our'an 41:53)

I pray to Almighty Allah to make us benefit from His signs, and help us in performing da'awa to others.

Supplications while, and after, performing Ablution

أدعية الوضوء

أثناء الوضوء:

اللهم إغفر لى ذنبى ، ووسع لى فى دارى ، وبارك لى فى رزقى .

O Allah, forgive my sins, make my residence spacious for me, and bless me in my provisions.

بعد الوضوء:

من توضاً فقال بعد فراغه من وضوئه: سبحانك اللهم وبحمدك، أشهد أن لا إله إلا أنت، أستغفرك وأتوب إليك، كتب في رق ثم جعل في طابع، فلم يكسر إلى يوم القيامة

Whoever makes ablution and says: "Glory be to You, O Allah, and the praise be to You. I bear witness that there is no god except You. I beg Your forgiveness and I repent to you," will have it written for him/her, and placed on a tablet which will not be broken until the day of resurrection.

Important Dates

Ramadan 1, 1417 January 10, 1997

Eid-ul-Fitr

Febuary 9, 1997

Eid-ul Adha

April 18, 1997

Note: Please contact the National Organizations listed on the back page for confirmation about these dates